

1 0

Code 11000031

Ref 4

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Monoethylene glycol

1.1. Product name or GHS product identifier						
1.1.1. Common name :	Monoethylene glycol					
1.1.2. Chemical formula :	C ₂ H ₆ O ₂ or HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OH					
1.1.3. Commercial name :	Monoethylene glycol					
1.1.4. CAS number :	107-21-1					
1.1.5. Molecular weight :	62.07 g/mol					
1.2. Other product identifier :	1,2-Ethanediol					
1.2.1. UN Number :	-					
1.2.2. Annex I, EU directive 67/948/EC:						
1.2.3. EC number :	203-473-3					
1.3. Recommendation for use and other prohibitions for use						

Identification of the substance or mixture and of the supplier

1.4. Manufacturer or Supplier Details							
1.4.1. Manufacturer or Supplier	1.4.2. Address						
PTT Global Chemical Public Company Limited	9-9/1 Soi G 12 WHA Eastern Industrial Estate (Map Ta Phut), Pakornsongkrohraj Road, Map Ta Phut, Muang Rayong, Rayong 21150						
1.4.3. Telephone number :	(+66) 38-994-000						
1.5. Emergency telephone number : +66(0)38994000 Ext. 7095							
1.6. Other information							

1.6.1. Hazardous substance

Yes		X	No
1.6.2. Max quantity storage	22400	cubic meter	

1.6.3. Uses

Most commonly used as chemical intermediate in the manufacture of polyester resins and textile fibers. Used as automotive antifreeze and used as heat transfer fluids for ventilation and air-conditioning systems.

1.6.4. Other



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Hazards identification

- 2.1. GHS classification of the substance/mixture and any national or regional information
- 2.1.1. Hazard classification according to the GHS

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute Toxicity, Oral (Category 5)

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 2

2.2.	GHS label	elements.	includina	precautionary	/ statements
~:~:	Ci io iabci	CICITICITO	miciaamig	precaationar	Julia

2.2.1. Chemical name : Monoethylene glycol

2.2.2. Product name or GHS product identifier : Monoethylene glycol

2.2.3. Symbol and Hazard pictograms



2.2.4. Signal words: Warning

2.2.5. Hazard statement

H303 May be harmful if swallowed

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



Hazards identification

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2.2.6. Precautionary information								
Prevention P260 Do	on not breathe dust/ fume/	gas/ mis	st/ vapours/ spray.					
	e I a POISON CENTER/doct medical advice/ attention							
Disposal P501 Disp	oose of contents/ contain	ner to an	approved waste disposa	al plant	t.			
2.2.7. Suj	oplemental information							
IF SWALL	OWED : Call for doctor/	Physicia	n if you feel unwell. Rinse	e Mout	h. Dis	pose container in acco	rdance	e with regulations
2.3. Othe	r hazards which do not r	esult in o	classification or are not co	overed	by th	e GHS		
2.3.1. Pot	tential Chronic Health Eff	ects						
2.3.1.1.	Carcinogen effects							
0	Maybe-Carcinogen	0 0	arcinogen	0	Non-	Carcinogen	•	N/A
No		<u>'</u>		'				
2.3.1.2. N	lutagenic effects							
0	Mutagenic	С	Non-Mutagenic		•	N/A		
No								
2.3.1.3. 0	Other information							
	eye and skin							
	onmental Hazards							
Evaluation	n number (FRG) (mamm	al): 1.0 ;	Evaluation number (FRC	i) (bac	teria):	: 2.0 ; Evaluation numb	oer (FF	RG) (fish): 2.0



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Safety Data Sheet

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Composition / information on ingredients

3.1. Homogeneous substance					
3.1.1. Chemical identity :	Ethylene Glycol				
3.1.2. Common name :	Monoethylene glycol				
3.1.3. Synonym:	1,2-Ethanediol; Glycol; MEG; 1,2-Dihydroxyethane;				
3.1.4. CAS number and other unique identifiers :	107-21-1				

3.1.5. Impurities and stabilizing additives

Composition:

Composition name: Ethylene glycol General name: Ethylene glycol

Symnonym: MEG UN number: -

CAS number: 107-21-1 EC number: 203-473-3

% weight: 100
OSHA-PEL: 50 ppm
ACGIH-TLV: 100 mg/m3

LD/LC: oral,rat; Carcinogen: n/a



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First-aid measures

4.1. First-aid

4.1.1. Inhalation

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

4.1.2. Skin contact

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

4.1.3. Eyes contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

4.1.4. Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects

4.2.1. Acute Effects

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

4.2.2. Delayed effects

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention

No further relevant information available.

4.4. Special treatment needed, if necessary.

No further relevant information available.

4.5. Other

General advice, Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.



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Firefighting measures

- 5.1. Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- 5.2. Suitable extinguishing media:

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

5.3. Specific hazards arising from the chemical.

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Nitrogen oxides.

5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters.

SCBA and fire protetcion suit.

5.5. Precautions for fire fighters.

Keep away from ignition source.

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.6. Other.

6

Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions

Do not breathe fume/aerosol. Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Protective equipment







6.3. Emergency procedures

6.3.1. Large Spill	6.3.2. Small Spill
-	Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, Diatomite, acid bind, universal binders, sawdust).

6.4. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drainage system, surface or ground water. Do not allow to enter the ground/soil.

6.5. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.





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Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep containers tightly sealed. Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed containers. Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. For precautions see section 2.

- 7.2. Incompatibility.
 - 7.2.1. Safe storage condition.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

7.2.2. Incompatible chemicals condition.

No special requirement

- 7.3. Storage area: GC Glycol Co., Ltd.
- 7.4. Incompatible chemicals condition.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

- 7.5. Hazard Class by UN:
- 7.6. Classification:

8

Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Occupational exposure limit values or biological limit values

Name	TLV-TWA	TLV-STEL	TLV-C	PEL	IDLH	Thai	biological limit values	
	100 mg/m3	-	-	-		-	-	

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

8.3. Personal protective equipment









8.4. Personal hygiene

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

8.5. Other protection

Wash hands during breaks and at the end of work.



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9 Physical a	and chemical prope	rties					
9.1. Appearance :	Colorless Liquid						
9.2. Odour :	odorless						
9.3. Odour threshold limit :	- ppm						
9.4. pH-value :	5-8						
	Melting point		-12 °C				
9.5. Melting point &Freezing point :	Freezing point		-12 °C				
9.6. Initial boiling point/Boiling range	Boiling/condensation	n point	198 °C				
3.0. Initial boiling pointy boiling runge	Evaporation rate		1				
9.7. Flash point :	111 °C (Close cup)						
9.8. Evaporation rate :	1						
	Burning time	sec					
9.9. Flammability (solid, gas) :	Burning Rate	Burning Rate mm/sec					
9.10. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits :	1.8 % LEL and/or 12.8 %UEL						
9.11. Vapour pressure :	0.08 mmHg (0.01 kPa) at 20 °C						
9.12. Vapour density :	2.14 - (Air = 1.0)	2.14 - (Air = 1.0)					
9.13. Specific gravity :	1.1154 at 20/20 °C						
9.14. Solubility(ies):	completely miscible	completely misciblesoluble					
9.15. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	log Pow: -1.36	log Pow: -1.36					
9.16. Auto-ignition temperature :	410 deg °C	410 deg °C					
9.17. Decomposition temperature :	- °C	- °C					
9.18. Viscosity:	-	-					
9.19. Heat of Combustion:	°C	°C					
9.20. The ignition distance test :							
9.21. The enclosed space ignition test	s/m³						
9.22. The foam test:	Vapor density			-	cm		
3.22. THE TUBIN LEST.	Flames burning up			-	sec		

	Type of Substance			
Detail	Other substance	Powders or dusts	Unit	
Use water spray to blanket fire, cool fire exposed containers, to stop leak, and burn			minute	
Burning time			sec	
Burning rate			mm/s	





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Stability and reactivity										
Reactivity										
Stable. Reacts with strong oxidizing agents.										
10.2. Chemical Stability:										
Stability	0	Instabi	lity a	nd emit gas				•	N/A	
Possibility of Hazardo	ous reactio	n:								
Conditions to avoid : and humidity										
Incompatible materia	als :									
ium, chromyl chlorid	e, alkali hy	droxides,	, per	chloric acid,	strong	oxidizing agents, strong	g acid	ls, stro	ng bases,	aldehydes.
Hazardous decompos	sition prod	ucts :			Carbo	n monoxide and carbon	dioxi	ide		
Corrosively :					-					
				Toxicolog	jical ii	nformation				
Route of Exposure	☑ Inha	alation	Ø	Ingestion	\square	Skin contact	\square	Eye o	contact	
Symptoms related to	the physic	cal, chem	ical a	and toxicolog	gical ch	aracteristics				
1. Symptom related	with physic	cal charac	cteris	stic						
ion										
2. Symptom rerated v	with chemi	cal chara	cteri	stic						
ie, abnormal movem	ients, unco	nsciousn	iess,	kidney dam	age.					
3. Symptom related v	vith toxicol	ogy								
Target organs: Nervous system, kidney, eye, cardiovascular system, liver										
			l and	immediate	effects)	including chronic (chro	onic e	ffects)	exposure	(Contact
The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11 The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11								The most		
Numerical measures	of toxicity									
4 4 1 11 11					DE0.0					
 Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxic 						al - Rat - 4,700 mg/kg ermal - Rabbit - 10,626				
	Reactivity Reacts with strong Chemical Stability: Stability Possibility of Hazardo Conditions to avoid: and humidity Incompatible materia ium, chromyl chlorid Hazardous decompos Corrosively: Route of Exposure Symptoms related to 1. Symptom related ion 2. Symptom rerated v ite, abnormal movem 3. Symptom related v ite organs: Nervous sy ine impact of acute are and, immediate and choost important known ant known symptom Numerical measures	Reacts with strong oxidizing at Chemical Stability: Stability Possibility of Hazardous reaction Conditions to avoid: and humidity Incompatible materials: ium, chromyl chloride, alkali hy Hazardous decomposition productors in the physical structure of Exposure Route of Exposure Symptoms related to the physical Symptoms related with physical Symptom related with chemical abnormal movements, unconsidered, abnormal movements, unconsidered, abnormal movements, unconsidered with toxicol at organs: Nervous system, kidnered in the impact of acute and delayed and, immediate and chronic effect of the physical symptoms and effect of the physical symptoms are physical symptoms.	Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Chemical Stability: Stability Possibility of Hazardous reaction: Conditions to avoid: and humidity Incompatible materials: ium, chromyl chloride, alkali hydroxides Hazardous decomposition products: Corrosively: Route of Exposure Inhalation Symptoms related to the physical, chem Symptoms related with physical charaction Symptom rerated with chemical charaction Symptom related with chemical charaction Symptom related with toxicology torgans: Nervous system, kidney, eye, the impact of acute and delayed (delayed ed, immediate and chronic effects) ost important known symptoms and effects are defined to the physical charaction Symptom related with chemical charaction Company of the physical charaction in the physical c	Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Chemical Stability: Stability Possibility of Hazardous reaction: Conditions to avoid: and humidity Incompatible materials: ium, chromyl chloride, alkali hydroxides, periodic describility in the products: Corrosively: Route of Exposure Inhalation Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and the physical characteristics. Symptom related with physical characteristics. Symptom rerated with chemical characteristics. Symptom related with toxicology In torgans: Nervous system, kidney, eye, carding the impact of acute and delayed (delayed and the impact of acute acute acute and the impact of acute acute acute acute acute acute acu	Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Chemical Stability: Stability O Instability and emit gas Possibility of Hazardous reaction: Conditions to avoid: and humidity Incompatible materials: ium, chromyl chloride, alkali hydroxides, perchloric acid, Hazardous decomposition products: Corrosively: Toxicolog Route of Exposure Inhalation Ingestion Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicolog Symptoms related with physical characteristic ion Symptom rerated with chemical characteristic ie, abnormal movements, unconsciousness, kidney dame Symptom related with toxicology t organs: Nervous system, kidney, eye, cardiovascular sy ie impact of acute and delayed (delayed and immediate ied, immediate and chronic effects) ost important known symptoms and effects are described ant known symptoms and effects are described and known symptoms and effec	Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Chemical Stability: Stability O Instability and emit gas Possibility of Hazardous reaction: Conditions to avoid: and humidity Incompatible materials: ium, chromyl chloride, alkali hydroxides, perchloric acid, strong Hazardous decomposition products: Corrosively: Toxicological in Route of Exposure Inhalation Ingestion Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological ch Symptom related with physical characteristic ion Symptom rerated with chemical characteristic ie, abnormal movements, unconsciousness, kidney damage. Symptom related with toxicology t organs: Nervous system, kidney, eye, cardiovascular system, I see impact of acute and delayed (delayed and immediate effects) and humidity Instability and emit gas Carbon Toxicological in Ingestion Ingestio	Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Chemical Stability: Stability	Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Chemical Stability: Stability O Instability and emit gas Possibility of Hazardous reaction: Conditions to avoid: and humidity Incompatible materials: ium, chromyl chloride, alkali hydroxides, perchloric acid, strong oxidizing agents, strong acid Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxi Corrosively: Toxicological information Route of Exposure Inhalation Ingestion Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics 1. Symptom related with physical characteristic Ingestion Symptom related with chemical characteristic Ingestion Symptom related with chemical characteristic Ingestion Symptom related with chemical characteristic Ingestion Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxi Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Ingestion Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxi Ingestion Ingest	Reactivity Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Chemical Stability O Instability and emit gas Possibility of Hazardous reaction: Conditions to avoid: and humidity Incompatible materials: itum, chromyl chloride, alkali hydroxides, perchloric acid, strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, strong hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide Corrosively: Toxicological information Route of Exposure Inhalation Ingestion Ingestion Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Symptom related with physical characteristic Route of Exposure Symptom related with chemical characteristic Corrosively: Symptom related with chemical characteristic Corrosively: Ingestion Symptom related with chemical characteristic Corrosively: Symptom related with chemical characteristic Corrosively: Ingestion Symptom related with chemical characteristic Corrosively: Symptom related with chemical characteristic Corrosively: Ingestion Skin contact Ingestion Ingestion Skin contact Ingestio	Reactivity Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Chemical Stability: Stability O Instability and emit gas Possibility of Hazardous reaction: Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials: ium, chromyl chloride, alkali hydroxides, perchloric acid, strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, strong bases, Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide Corrosively: - Toxicological information Route of Exposure Inhalation Inlandation Inlandation Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Symptom related with physical characteristic Insymptom related with chemical characteristic Insy



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12	Ecological information							
12.1. Eco toxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available)								
12.1.1. Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 18,500 mg/l 96 h								
12.1.2. Crustaceans / Toxicity to crustaceans :	No data available							
12.1.3. Algae / Toxicity to algae :	No data available							
12.2. Degradability and persistence								
None								
12.3. Bio-accumulative potential :	LC50: 100 mg/l /96 h							
12.4. Mobility in soil :	No data available							
12.5. Other adverse effects :	No data available							
-								

13		Disposal considerations					
13.1. Waste information :		-					
13.2. Remain materials :		-					
13.3. Waste disposal :		Disposal in compliance with official regulations.					
13.4. Pac	kage contaminated disposal :	Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.					

14	Transport information	
14.1. UN Number :	None	Pictogram
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name :	None	
14.3. Transport Class/Division:	None	
14.4. Package group (if any):		
14.5. Marine pollution :	O Yes No O N/A	
14.6. Special precautionary for user :	-	
14.7. Transport in bulk :	-	
14.8. Classification code :	-	
14.9. Other :		



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Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories:

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Monoethylene Glycol (MEG)	Х	Х	-	203-473-3	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	X

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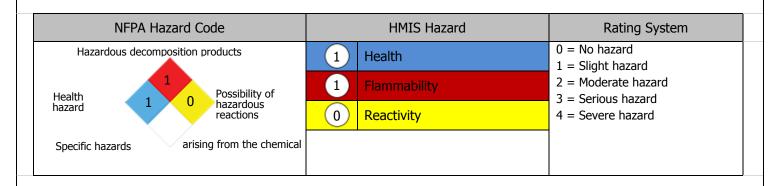
Other information

16.1. Date of latest issue 01/07/2022

16.2. Description of point of Safety Data Sheet changing

Company name

16.3. Abbreviation explanation



16.4. Information Safety Data Sheet files

Primary Reference:

Secondary Reference: Ethylene-glycol Sigma_142.pdf

16.5. Local Legislation Related

16.6. Reference

Ethylene-glycol Sigma_142.pdf

16.7. Other details